

For the prevention and cure of
BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS
is recommended
Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills.
THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance: they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthma, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPLING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Disorders. Violent cramps in Consumptions; the stomach and Lowness of spirits; back Loss of appetite; Indigestion; Impurity of blood; Melancholy; Hysteric affections; Gout in the stomach Inward weaknesses; Pains in the limbs and debility Relaxations, etc.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lumbago, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, etc. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Waranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, ring-worms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eye, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of the advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by

JAMES KENNEDY & SON,

King-st. Alexandria.

September 26

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN, ROYAL-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XVIII.]

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1817.

[No. 5081.

Landing
FROM the sloop George Washington,
and for sale by

JOHN MCCOSH,

11 hds. and 21 bbls sugar

10 tierces rice

23 bbls whiskey

1 pipe

2 half pipes

4 qrs. casks

150 boxes raisins

10 bales almonds

50 pieces canvas

For Boston,

The schooner FAVORITE, captain Foster; having half of her cargo engaged, will be discharged the last of the week, and will be the first vessel for that port. A few hundred bbls will be a freight very low if offered immediately. Apply to

NOV. 19 JOHN JACKSON & CO.

For Norfolk,

The schooner GEORGE WASHINGTON, capt. Middleton, will sail on Tuesday next.

For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to

JOHN MCCOSH.

November 24

For Boston,

The schooner HAZARD, L. Mullet, master, now loading and will sail in all the week; has the principal part of her cargo engaged. For freight of 250 barrels, apply to the master on board, or

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

November 24

For Boston,

The substantial & fast sailing sloop LADY WASHINGTON, T. Eaton, master; burthen 128 tons or 1000 bbls.

Apply to

T. H. HOWLAND.

November 24

For Savannah,

The schooner RESIDENT, Adams, master. For freight of 300 bbls. or passage, apply to

T. H. HOWLAND,

Who has for sale, 10 casks real winter pressed spermaceti oil.

11 mds. 22

For New-York,

The fine fast sailing Sloop PACKET, capt. Thos. Van Name, burthen 500 barrels, now lying at the foot of King street.

For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to

J. & J. DOUGLASS.

October 29.

John G. Ladd & Co

Have received per schooner Lydia, lying at Bayou's wharf, and offer for sale,

1500 bushels potatoes

3 tierces pieces

2 eight day-clocks

2 cases boots

2 cases men's ston't shoes

For Newburyport,

The schooner LIBIA, Joseph Braden master, having most of her cargo provided, will sail in a few days, and can take on freight three hundred barrels.

Apply to

JOHN G. LADD & CO.

November 11.

For Freight.

The brig JANE, A. Davis, Jr. master, carries about 1200 barrels, is a good vessel, and can be ready in a few days to receive a cargo, will take as European or coastwise freight on moderate terms.

Apply to

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

Who have received by said brig

69 bushels N. E. Rum

114 tons Plaster Paris

6 cases first quality hats

ALSO,

For sale on board said brig, at Central Wharf, 1,900 bushels of superior quality potatoes—for which apply to the master, or as above.

Nov. 11

For Rent;

And immediate possession given, THE Brick Dwelling House on King-street, near the Diagonal Pump, and adjoining the Warehouse of Mr. English.

Also, the Store House adjoining my dwelling. For terms, apply to

N. KEENE,

WHO HAS IN STOCK,

50 bales German linens

10 boxes hollow glass

20 crates queen's ware

18 casks sherry wine, very old, and

2000 bushels Cadiz salt.

Nov. 1

For Young Hyson Tea.

JOHN G. LADD & CO. have received per sloop Mary, and offer for sale,

20 chests Young Hyson TEA, of ship

North Point's cargo—quality superior.

November 7

For Portland & Bath,

The sloop VISITOR, capt. in

will be ready to sail in

a few days and will take 200 barrels on freight—Apply to

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

Who have for sale her cargo of

65,000 feet merchantable & clear lumber

10 bbls. Tanner's oil

5 firkins butter

50 boxes smoked herrings.

November 11.

For Freight,

The ship MARIA, George

Fletcher, master; burthen about

3500 barrels; can be in immediate readiness for sea.

ALSO,

The brig SUSAN, James

Parsons, master; burthen about

1000 barrels, is a new

and excellent vessel, ready

for the immediate reception of a cargo,

and will take a foreign or coastwise

freight on moderate terms. Apply to

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

October 4

For Sale, Freight, or Charter,

The substantial fast sailing

brig VIRGINIA, burthen

1,200 barrels. For terms apply to

N. KEENE.

Oct. 1

For Boston,

The schooner FAVORITE, captain Foster; having half of

her cargo engaged, will be dis-

patched the last of the week,

and will be the first vessel for that port.

A few hundred bbls will be a freight very

low if offered immediately. Apply to

NOV. 19 JOHN JACKSON & CO.

October 22

For Freight,

The brig COMMERCE, Wade master, burthen 1600

barrels—a good vessel, and

can be ready in a few days

for the reception of a cargo. Apply to

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

Notice.

THE Subscribers having taken into

partnership Mr. Thomas Irwin, Jr.

the business in future will be conducted

under the firm of C. PLATT & IRWIN.

All those having claims against us, are

requested to present them and receive

their money; and all those indebted, are

respectfully solicited to make payment

with as little delay as possible.

**ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE
AND DAILY ADVERTISER.**

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL STREET.

Daily Gazette 87.. Country Gazette 85.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1817.

HYDROPHOBIA.

There is not a misery to which human creatures are liable so dreadful in itself, and so entirely irremediable, as the hydrophobia, or madness from the bite of a dog. It is so horrible that the barely imagining of it—that is to say, the bare belief that a dog by which a person who had been bitten was infected, though he really were not so, has often produced the most fatal consequences; while families have been driven to distraction; fond parents have been bereft of the last, and, perhaps, dearest object of their affections and hopes by the most painful of all deaths; nay, worse, have seen the little tender limbs of their children mangled by amputation in a vain effort to stop the circulation of the poison from the wound through the whole of the body. It is that stroke which, when it once falls, produces inevitably the most horrible of all dooms. Every one knows this—every one is on the alarm in his own case, and is ready to kill the dog of his neighbor in his own defense, and to point out, when he or his family are in danger, the duty of every other person who has a dog, and to prescribe what the laws ought to do, but do not, for the preservation of the citizen from this worst of calamities; but what is his own conduct all the while if he have a dog himself? why, the very reverse of what he prescribes for others. By a murderous obstinacy of selfishness, he would not only protect his own dog from the proscription which honesty, christianity, and humanity, would enforce, but, in order to indulge the capricious wishes of a worthless brat of a child perhaps, he would add to the stock of those dangerous animals who infest our streets—ay, and quarrel, possibly, even to the death, with any man who for the preservation of his child's, or his wife's, or his own life, would beat the dog out of the way. I have more than once seen, while the columns of the newspapers in all parts of the union were filled with the most heart breaking accounts of disasters of this kind, fathers carrying home little pups for their Jack-a-Dandy, to play with for a week or a month, and breed up to bite some honest father of a family before the end of the year. I have seen persons who ought to have a little common sense of their own safety, though they had no feeling for that of others, accumulating around them droves of dogs, that were convertible to no possible use—not fit for watch dogs, and not having anything that demanded guarding—not fit for shooting or any kind of sport, and if they were, not within the reach of any game or ground where game could be expected. In short, of course for no conceivable purpose, but that of consuming a quantity of provisions which would be more worthily bestowed upon the paupers who begin to infest the District, particularly Georgetown and Washington, as multitudinous as beggars prowl about European cities, or of communicating the blessing of the hydrophobia to their fellow-citizens.

On the whole, it seems that on this point there are but too many about us who think but little of the well-being of any but themselves, and that a vast number of our citizens more prize one of the very meanest of their own indulgencies than the safety of their fellow creatures' lives. boast as we will, and God knows we do enough of that, this total disregard of so important—so melancholy a concern speaks very little for the humanity of some who would fain pass for patriots; but where there is not humanity, I should be glad to be informed how we are to expect patriotism. If a man raises up an useless dog, or keeps one in a situation in which he may, in one unlucky moment, destroy a fellow creature or plunge a family into irretrievable misery, it is not his blustering or oratorizing, or voting on this side or on that at an election, nor even his damping the British till he is black in the face with his own execrations, that can truly constitute him a patriot. No, he is an enemy to his fel-

low citizens, let him think or say what he will of himself.

But the use of laws is to make up the deficiency of individual rectitude; and laws ought immediately to be made to compel every citizen to do that which conscience and a just sense of christian duty dictate upon this topic. All countries not destitute of civilization and justice have laws to regulate the keeping of dogs. If dogs are kept as a luxury, are they not the fairest objects of taxation imaginable? Why should a horse, which, so far from being a nuisance, is productive of benefit to society, be subject to taxation, and dogs go exempt from it? and, on account of that exemption, multiply till they have become a deadly grievance to society?

A tax of three dollars a year on every dog now in existence among us, and of five on every young puppy that shall be reared after the publication of the law, would soon abate this grievance, and reduce the dogs of the union to a number exactly commensurate with the necessities of the people. In the mean time, those who own dogs ought to be compelled to keep them chained up at home, and even in their yards or closes, when not chained within doors, to fasten them to a log of such a weight as they may be able to drag slowly along, but not to run or move about with celebrity.

The election for a member of congress to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the hon. James Llyod, has resulted in the choice of the hon. Jonathan Mason. In the town of Boston the votes were for

Mason,	1664
Ritchie,	1375
Scattering,	25
Majority,	823

Three other towns in the district were expected to increase his majority to about 400. Both candidates were originally nominated by federal meetings.—The democrats threw their weight into the scale of him who was alleged to have been irregularly placed in nomination; and he is elected. [U. S. GAZ.

From the Rhode Island American.
POLITICAL INDEPENDENCE.

The late Governor Sullivan, of Massachusetts, was distinguished no less for his talents & his gentlemanlike deportment than for his sterling independence in the administration of his official duties. He was elected Gov. of Massachusetts, at a time of great political excitement, when it was expected by the office hunting gentry, that he would adopt all their prejudices and plans, and merge the character of the Chief Magistrate in that of the partisan.—The following anecdote, recently published in the Portland Gazette, affords an instance of his independence of mind, which deserves to be imitated by rulers to whatever party they may belong:—

A certain would-be great man undertook to wait upon his Excellency, and prevail upon him both by "logic and threats, to pursue a different line of conduct. " You were elected," said he, "by my influence and exertions, and it is in my power to frustrate your re-election." The reply of Mr. Sullivan was highly honorable to his character, as well as expressive of his firmness and independence of mind—"I am the Governor of the Commonwealth, and not of a party. In pursuing the welfare of the former, I regard not the threats of the latter. At all times, Sir, I shall be happy to see you at my house in the character of Mr. —, but never in that of a dictator. At present you will please to take your leave."

Baltimore, Nov. 22.

The city court was engaged the whole of yesterday until midnight with the interesting case against John Larimore. The trial commenced at 10 o'clock; an immense mass of testimony was produced on the part of the state, which occupied the time of the court until 5 o'clock p. m. The testimony being closed, a motion was made by the prisoner's counsel for a temporary adjournment, to enable them to obtain some refreshment and examine and digest the evidence. The court was disposed to grant it, but the jury manifesting a disposition to proceed with the case, altho' they cheerfully agreed to an adjournment for the indulgence of the counsel, the motion was withdrawn.

The prisoner's defense was opened by E. L. Finley, Esq. who was succeeded by Charles Mitchell, Esq. the counsel assigned by the court; they finished a quarter before 9—when the argument was closed by Thos. Kell, Esq. and the attorney-general on the part of the state. The jury retired about half past 11, and after a deliberation of half an hour, brought in a verdict of "guilty of murder in the first degree." We understand a motion will be made by the prisoner's counsel in arrest of judgment.

New-York, Nov. 20.

The commissioners appointed to settle the northern boundary line, have arrived in this city. D. P. Adams, Esq. one of the assistant commissioners, proceeded

to Washington on Tuesday morning with despatches from Gen. Peter B. Porter. Major Fraser is still in the city. The utmost harmony prevailed between the commissioners, and there is reason to hope that the business has, or will, terminate to the satisfaction of both parties.

[Gazette.]

A letter from Antwerp, dated Oct. 8, says, "The ship America, Deacon, with a cargo of 1,000,000 lbs. of rice, has arrived at Amsterdam, from Batavia;—more is expected from that quarter, which will tend to depress the article. Bengal and Surat cotton 28 to 30 cents; some cargoes are looked for in the spring." [ibid.

FROM THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER.
Sketches of the life and character of Patrick Henry. Printed at Philadelphia pp. 437.

[CONTINUED.]

In the year 1766 Mr. Henry was a member of the house of delegates; but the speaker having at the opening of the session announced the repeal of the stamp act, no occasion was offered him, of displaying his transcendent powers, except on a motion to separate the offices of treasurer and speaker, which he supported with "his usual ability;" and carried. From that period to the year 1773, altho' he continued a member of the house—and although a firm and temperate opposition was kept up to the British ministry, as appears from the strong resolutions which were on more than one occasion adopted, yet nothing is recorded of him by our author, distinguishing him in a particular manner from the other members of the house. This interval Mr. W. has very judiciously laid hold of, to bring us acquainted with Mr. H. as a lawyer. "After having tried his strength (says he) for several years on the legislative floor against some of the brightest champions of the bar, Mr. Henry came in the year 1769 to the bar itself of the general court." Here he seems never to have attracted much notoriety for his arguments on "mere questions of law." He wanted that learning whoe place of no splendor of genius can supply to the lawyer; and he wanted those habits of steady and persevering application without which that learning is not to be acquired." Yet even here "on questions turning on the laws of nations, and even on the maritime law whose basis is natural reason and justice, his vigor of mind made him occasionally very great." It was, however, says our author, "on questions before a jury, that he was in his natural element."

"There, his intimate knowledge of human nature, and the rapidity as well as justness of his inferences, from the fitting expressions of the countenance, as to what was passing in the hearts of his hearers, availed him fully. The jury might be composed of entire strangers, yet he rarely failed to know them, man by man, before the evidence was closed. There was no studied fixture of features, that could long hide the character from his piercing and experienced view. The slightest unguarded turn of countenance, or motion of the eye, let him at once into the soul of the man whom he was observing. Or, if he doubted whether his conclusions were correct, from the exhibition of countenance during the narration of the evidence, he had a mode of playing a prelude as it were, upon the jury, in his exordium, which never failed to "wake into life each silent string," and shew him the whole compass as well as pitch of the instrument. His style of address, on these occasions, is said to have resembled very much that of the scriptures. It was strongly marked with the same simplicity, the same energy, the same pathos. He sounded no alarm; he made no parade, to put the jury on their guard. It was all so natural, so humble, so unassuming, that they were carried imperceptibly along, and attuned to his purpose, until some master touch dissolved them into tears. His language of passion was perfect. His voice, too, had a wonderful effect. He had a singular power of infusing it into a jury, and mixing its notes with their nerves, in a manner which it is impossible to describe justly; but which produced a thrilling excitement, in the happiest concordance with his designs. No man knew so well as he did what kind of topics to urge to their understandings; nor what kind of simple imagery to present to their hearts. His eye, which he kept riveted upon them, assisted the process of fascination, and at the same time informed him what theme to press, or at what instant to retreat, if by rare accident he touched an unpropitious string. And then he had such an exuberance of appropriate thoughts, of apt illustrations, of apposite images, and such a melodious and varied roll of the happiest words, that the hearer was never wearied by repetition, and never winc'd from an apprehension that the intellectual treasures of the speaker would be exhausted."

If in civil cases before a jury he was thus powerful, he seems in criminal to have been irresistible. When their turn came on the docket, as was, as our author expresses it, the "monarch of the bar," in these cases

"he adapted himself, without effort," continues our author, "to the character of the cause; seized with the quickness of intuition, its defensible point, and never permitted the jury to lose sight of it. Sir Joshua Reynolds has said of Titian, that, by a few strokes of his pencil, he

knew how to mark the image and character of whatever object he attempted; and produced, by this, means a truer representation, than any of his predecessors, who finished every hair. In like manner Mr. Henry by a few master strokes upon the evidence, could in general stamp upon the cause whatever image or character he pleased; and convert it into tragedy or comedy, at his sovereign will, and with a power which no efforts of his adversary could counteract. He never wearied the jury by a dry and minute analysis of the evidence; he did not expend his strength in finishing the hairs; he produced all his high effect by these rare master touches, and by the resistless skill, with which, in a very few words, he could mould and color the prominent facts of a cause to his purpose. He had a wonderful address too, in leading off the minds of his hearers from the contemplation of unfavorable points, if at any time they were too stubborn to yield to his power of transformation. He beguiled the hearer so far from them, as to diminish them by distance, and soften, if not entirely cast into shade, their too strong natural colors. At this distance too, he had a better opportunity of throwing upon them a false light, by an apparently casual ray of reflection from other points in the evidence, whose powers no man better knew how to array and concentrate, in order to disguise or eclipse an obvious fact. It required a mind of uncommon vigilance, and most intractable temper, to resist this charm with which he decoyed away his hearers: it demanded a rapidity of penetration, which is rarely, if ever, to be found in the jury box, to detect the intellectual juggle by which he spread his nets around them; it called for a stubbornness and obstinacy of soul which does not exist, to sit unmoved under the pictures of horror or pity, which started from his canvass. They might resolve if they pleased, to decide the cause against him, and to disregard every thing which he could urge in the defence of his client. But it was all in vain. Some faint in an unexpected direction, threw them off their guard, and they were gone; some happy phrase, burning from the soul, some image fresh from nature's mint, and bearing her own beautiful and genuine impress, struck them with delightful surprise, and melted them into conciliation; and conciliation towards Mr. Henry was victory inevitable. In short, he understood the human character so perfectly; knew so well all its strength and all its weaknesses, together with every path and by-way which winds around to the citadel of the best fortified heart and mind, that he never failed to take them, either by stratagem or storm. Hence he was, beyond doubt, the ablest defender of criminals in Virginia, and will probably never be equalled again."

These extracts furnish abundant information to the reader of the powers of Mr. Henry as an advocate, and in what his peculiar excellence consisted. From this subject our author turns, to give us a short, but exceedingly clear and interesting account of the steps taken by the British ministry against the colonies immediately after the repeal of the stamp act, and the nature and degree of the opposition on their part, which he closes in page 85, with the following observations:

"It is not my purpose to record the series of measures which led to the dismemberment of the British Empire. This is the function of the historian. My business is only with Mr. Henry: and, for my purpose, nothing more is necessary than to recall the general character of the contest, for the purpose of showing the part which he bore in it. The revolution may be truly said to have commenced with his resolutions in 1766. From that period not an hour of settled peace had existed between the two countries. It is true, that the eruption produced by the stamp act had subsided with its repeal: and the people had resumed their ancient settlements and occupations; but there was no peace of the heart or of the mind. The rumbling of the volcano was still audible, and the smoke of the crater continually ascended, mingled not unfrequently with those flames and masses of ignited matter which announced a new and more terrible explosion."

"These were the times that tried the souls of men; and never in any country or in any age did there exist a race of men whose souls were better fitted to endure the trial. Patient in suffering, firm in adversity, calm and collected amid the dangers which pressed around them, cool in council, and brave in battle, they were worthy of the cause, and the cause was worthy of them."

"In the session of 1773 the house had the merit of originating that powerful engine of resistance, corresponding committees between the legislatures of the different colonies;" a measure which it was anticipated would lead eventually to a congress.—The recommendation to this effect on the part of those who composed the house of burgesses, was brought about in May 1774, by circumstances

detailed very satisfactorily by our author, and on the first of August following, the first convention of Virginia Delegates having met at Williamsburg, Messrs. Peyton Randolph, H. Lee, George Washington, Patrick Henry, Richard Bland, Benjamin Harrison and Edmund Pendleton, were appointed deputies to Congress, and furnished with an able and spirited letter of instruction, which is given at large in the volume before us. Of the congress itself, and the part sustained in it by Mr. H. the author gives the following account:

"On the fourth of September 1774, that venerable body, the old continental congress of the United States (wards whom every American heart will bow with plios homage, while the name of liberty shall be dear in our land) met for the first time, at Carter's Hall, in the city of Philadelphia. Peyton Randolph of Va. was chosen President, & the house was organized for business, with all the solemnities of a regular legislature.

"The most eminent men of the various colonies, were for the first time, brought together. They were known to each other by fame, but they were personally strangers. The meeting was awfully solemn. The object which had called them together, was of incalculable magnitude. The liberties of no less than three millions of people, with that of all their posterity, were staked on the wisdom and energy of their councils. No wonder then at the long and deep silence which is said to have followed upon their organization; at the anxiety with which the members looked around upon each other; and the reluctance which every individual felt to open a business so fearfully momentous. In the midst of this deep and deathlike silence, and just when it was beginning to become painfully embarrassing, Mr. Henry arose slowly, as if borne down by the weight of the subject. After faltering according to his habit, through a most impressive exordium, in which he merely echoed back the consciousness of every other heart, in deplored his inability to do justice to the occasion, he launched gradually into a recital of the colonial wrongs. Rising, as he advanced, with the grandeur of his subject, and glowing at length with all the majesty and expectation of the occasion, his speech seemed more than that of mortal man. Even those who had heard him in all his glory, in the house of burgesses of Virginia, were astonished at the manner in which his talents seemed to swell, and expand themselves, to fill the vaster theatre in which he was now placed.—There was no rant—no rhapsody—no labor of the understanding—no straining of the voice—no confusion of the utterance. His countenance was erect—his eyes steady—his action noble—his enunciation clear and firm—his mind poised on its centre—his views of his subject comprehensive and great—and his imagination corroborating with a magnificence and a variety which struck even that assembly with amazement and awe. He sat down amidst murmurs of astonishment and applause; and as he had been before proclaimed the greatest orator of Virginia, he was now, on every hand, admitted to be the first orator of America."

(To be continued.)

CURIOUS TIME PIECE.

Suspend a 10 or 12 cent piece between the thumb and finger, by a small thread or twelve inches in length noosed around it, in the center of a dry tumbler near the top; it will soon begin to vibrate and strike the hour of the day, and will then cease its motion. Try the experiment for yourself—Con. Cour.

The Rev. O. E. Brown may be expected to preach in the Baptist Meeting House THIS EVENING at candle light.

Exchange Coffee House MARINE JOURNAL PORT OF ALEXANDRIA...NOVEMBER 25.

CLEARED,
Schr Henry Dennison, Thorp, New-York.

LIBERTY, BARS, BOSTON.

FAVORITE, FASTER, dc.

SAIL'D 23.

Sloop Regulator, N. Bedford; schooner Henry Dennison, N. York; Union, Boston; Favorite, do.

ARRIVED, 24.

Philadelphia, Hand, 7 days fr. Philadelphia with a general assort'd cargo, to merchants of the district. On Friday, passed a ship and a brig in Nanjey Reach, bound up.

Rising Sun, Brent, 15 days fr. Edenton; shingles, sweet potatoes, etc.

MEMORANDUM.

Ship Columbus, Howland, 33 days from

Hove, Ar. at New-York 20th inst. Reported, left ship Atlas, Jennison, of Borob, for Alexandria, to sail 10th Oct. Schr Rose-in-Bloom, Cole, hence, ar. at Newport 15th instant. British schr Harriet, M'Donald, hence, ar. at Kingston Jan 17th Oct. Brig Gunpowder, Howland, hence, has at Almatis. Sloop Alligator, Hart, from New-York, was spoke off Egg-Harbor 17th inst. for Alexandria.

Employment Wanted.

A lad, about 17 years of age, good habits and connexions, wishes to serve as an apprentice to a respectable grocery or commission store. Enquire of the printer. November 25.

Pocket Book Found.

WAS picked up in the street on Sunday last, a Pocket Book, containing a small sum of money. The owner may have it again on application at the office of the Alexandria Gazette, and paying the cost of this advertisement. November 25.

Salt Afloat.

4000 BUSH. Liverpool coarse Salt, of spongy quality. Afloat in the harbor, and will be sold on accommodating terms, by Nov. 25.

FR. ADAMS, Jun.

Lawrason, & Fowle

HAVE for sale, landing from the schooner Adeline, capt. Rumney, from Boston.

32 hogsheads Muscovado sugar
10 bags pepper
22 skins family butter
30 boxes mould candles
1 bale white Russia sheetings

November 25.

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detailed very satisfactorily, by our author, and on the first of August following, the first convention of Virginia Delegates having met at Williamsburg. Messrs. Peyton Randolph, H. Lee, George Washington, Patrick Henry, Richard Bland, Benjamin Harrison and Edmund Pendleton, were appointed deputies to Congress, and furnished with an able and spirited letter of instructions, which is given at large in the volume before us. Of the congress itself, and the part sustained in it by Mr. H. the author gives the following account:

"On the fourth of September 1774, that venerable body, the old continental congress of the United States (towards whom every American heart will bow with pious homage, while the name of liberty shall be dear in our land) met for the first time, at Carpenter's Hall, in the city of Philadelphia. Peyton Randolph of Va. was chosen President, and the house was organized for business, with all the solemnities of a regular legislature.

"The most eminent men of the various colonies, were seen for the first time, brought together. They were known to each other by fame, but they were personally strangers. The meeting was awfully solemn. The object which had called them together, was of incalculable magnitude. The liberties of no less than three millions of people, with that of all their posterity, were staked on the wisdom and energy of their councils. No wonder then at the long and deep silence which is said to have followed upon their organization; at the anxiety with which the members looked around upon each other; and the reluctance which every individual felt to open a business so fearfully momentous. In the midst of this deep and deathlike silence, and just when it was beginning to become painfully embarrassing, Mr. Henry arose slowly, as if borne down by the weight of the subject. After faltering according to his habit, through a most impressive exordium, in which he merely echoed back the consciousness of every other heart, in deplored his inability to do justice to the occasion, he launched gradually into a recital of the colonial wrongs. Rising, as he advanced, with the grandeur of his subject, and glowing at length with all the majesty and expectation of the occasion, his speech seemed more than that of mortal man. Even those who had heard him in all his glory, in the house of burgesses of Virginia, were astonished at the manner in which his talents seemed to swell, and expand themselves, to fill the vaster theatre in which he was now placed.—There was no rant—no rhapsody—no labor of the understanding—no straining of the voice—no confusion of the utterance. His countenance was erect—his eyes steady—his action noble—his enunciation clear and firm—his mind poised on its centre—his views of his subject comprehensive and great—and his imagination coruscating with magnificence and a variety which struck even that assembly with amazement and awe. He sat down amidst murmurs of astonishment and applause; and as he had been before proclaimed the greatest orator of Virginia, he was now, on every hand, admitted to be the first orator of America."

(To be continued.)

CURIOUS TIME PIECE.
Suspend a 10 or 12 cent piece between the thumb and finger, by a small thread, ten or twelve inches in length noosed around it, in the center of a dry tumbler near the top; it will soon begin to vibrate and strike the hour of the day, and will then cease its motion. Try the experiment for yourself.—Con. Cour.

The Rev. O. B. Brown
may be expected to preach in the Baptist Meeting House THIS EVENING at candle light.

Exchange Coffee House
MARINE JOURNAL.
PORT OF ALEXANDRIA...NOVEMBER 22
CLEARED,
Schr Henry Dennis, Thorp, New York.

—Liberty, Bars, Boston.
—Favorite, Foster, de.

SAILLED 23.
ARRIVED, 24.
Schr Philadelphia, Hand, 7 days from Philadelphia, with a general assortment cargo, to merchants of the district. On Friday, passed a ship and a brig in Nantucket Bay, bound up.

Rising Sun, Brent, 15 days from Edenton; shingles, sweet potatoes, etc. to the master.

Sloop Ann Maria, Bradley, 8 days from New Haven; bay, potatoes, cheese, apples, etc. to the master.

MEMORANDUM.
Ship Aeolus, Howland, 35 days from November 25.

Havre, a. at New-York 20th inst. Reports, left ship Atlas, Jeannison, of Boston, for Alexandria, to sail 10th Oct.

Schr Rose-in-Bloom, Cole, hence, ar. at Newport 15th instant.

British schr Harriet, M'Donald, hence, ar. at Kingston Jan. 17th Oct.

Brig Benefactor, Howland, hence, has ar. at Edenton.

Sloop Alligator, Hart, from New-York, was spoke off Egg-Harbor 10th inst. for Alexandria.

Employment Wanted.

A LAD, about 17 years of age, good habits and connexions, wishes to serve as an Apprentice to a respectable Grocery or Commission store. Enquire of the printer. November 25.

Pocket Book Found.

WAS picked up in the street on Sunday last, a Pocket Book, containing a small sum of money. The owner may have it again on application at the office of the Alexandria Gazette, and paying the cost of this advertisement. November 25.

Salt Afloat.

4000 BUSH. Liverpool coarse Salt, of superior quality, Afloat in the harbor, and will be sold on accommodating terms, by Nov. 25 FR. ADAMS, Jun.

Lawrason & Fowle

HAVE for sale, landing from the schooner Adeline, capt. Rumney, from Boston,

32 hogsheads Muscovado sugars

10 bags pepper

92 firkins family butter

30 boxes mould candles

1 bale white Russia sheetings

November 25.

Furs for Sale.

AT the store of the subscriber, on Bridge st., can be had in small or large quantities, as it may suit purchasers, the following assortment of FURS:

1100 lbs. Beaver, first quality

500 lbs. do second do

600 Muskrat skins, very superior

450 Raccoon

69 Wolf.

D. ENGLISH, Jr.

Georgetown, Nov. 24—25.

Now Landing,

BOSTON NO. 1 and 2 best

1 case factory ginghams and stripes

Few cases straw bonnets and hats

Tenerife wine in quarter casks

Imperial tea in quarter chests

8 by 10 window glass

Wrapping paper, chocolate, No. 1

12pt candles, mens' shoes, and

100 axes

For Freight.

The schooner BEL-ISLE, captain Baxter, burthen 900 barrels, and schr. DOLPHIN, captain Chalwick, burthen 400 barrels, both in readiness for any voyage. Apply to

Nov. 25 JOHN KEITELL & Co.

To Rent.

THAT convenient Dwelling House, with large Garden attached to it, situated on Pitt street, opposite the new Episcopal Church, at present occupied by Jess Wherry, Esq. Possession will be given on the first of January next. Apply to

MARGT. R. CHAPIN.

November 25.

Notice.

THE partnership of Doctors SEMMES & WASHINGTON, is this day dissolved.—All those having accounts against the concern, are desired to present them for settlement, and those indebted, are respectfully requested to make immediate payment to Dr. Washington, who is fully authorised to settle all matters relating to the firm.

WILLIAM WASHINGTON,
THOS. SEMMES.

Dr. Washington, having purchased the stock of Drugs and Medicines, now on hand, intends keeping always a general assortment, which he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms—he will also continue to practice medicine, in its various branches, and begs leave to assure his friends that his entire attention will be devoted to their service.

Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully acquaints his friends and the public, that he has removed his Shop for the present, to his dwelling, opposite the market, where those inclined to employ or consult him, are requested to call.

THOS. SEMMES.

New Brewery.

WILLIAM GATES, lately arrived from England, has established a brewery at Howard, the late residence of Wm. Robinson, esq. in the vicinity of Alexandria. From his general practical knowledge, in the above business for a number of years in England, and having regularly supplied the king's brewery at Greenwich with malt, he flatters himself to be able to furnish good and wholesome Porter and Ale, in their seasons.

They have now a quantity of excellent Beer

pale from the malt and hops, which will be delivered by sellers being left at

Jos. Slade's Store. YEAST may also

be had at Mrs. M. Lumsden's store.

November 25.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

AS CONDED from the employment of the subscriber yesterday morning, the 18th instant, two apprentice boys of color, named GEORGE WILLIAMS and ISAAC HALL: the former about 17 and the latter about 16 years of age, both thick set and active. They took with them a variety of clothing, which prevents a description of their dress.—They have both worked some time at the coopering business, and the former is a pretty good workman. Any person returning them to the subscriber shall receive the above reward, or 10 dollars for either.

WILLIAM WAW.

November 19.

Bloom & Muscatel Raisins.

LINDSAY & HILL have just received and offer for sale
150 boxes Muscatel and Bloom Raisins

November 19.

Molasses.

LANDING from the schooner George Washington,
40 hogsheads prime qual. MOLASSES, and for sale by

T. H. HOWLAND.

10 mo. 6t

Notice.

THE subscriber expects to be absent a few months, and has duly authorized Messrs. C. & I. P. Thompson, to transact any business for him.

JOHN TUCKER.

November 24.

St

James English.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced business in that large and commodious warehouse near the diagonal pump, formerly occupied by Mr. James Anderson, where he intends constantly keeping on hand an extensive assortment of GROCERIES of every description, which he hopes to be enabled to dispose of at as low prices as they can be purchased at either in Alexandria or Baltimore. He will, at all times, give the highest price for Country Produce.

MR. NOW OFFERS FOR SALE,

Sugar, Coffees, Rum, Molasses—Also

2000 wt. choice butter in firkins

1000 do. prime bacon hams

5000 bushels ground alum salt

2000 do. Lisbon do.

1000 do. coarse alum do.

200 sacks blown do.

200 tons French & N. S. plaster

ALSO,

A constant supply of choice family flour.

Oct. 30—tuthst

Now Landing.

FROM the brig George Washington, Capt. Cushing, on Vowell's wharf, and for sale by E. CORNING,

15 hds. New-England rum

5000 bushels ground alum salt

1000 do. coarse alum do.

3 pipes cognac brandy

9 barrels cider brandy

7 chests young hyson tea

6 ditto old hyson ditto

10 bags Batavia coffee

4 bbls. green ditto

20 boxes spermaceti candies

2 bales ravens duck

2 ditto sheeting

2 pipes first qual. country gin

10 casks sherry wine

2 ditto sweet ditto

20 bbls. 1st & 2d qual. sugars

Chests of souchong & bohea teas

3000 bushels potatoes

2000 wt. good cheese

3 yawl boats

1 trunk bandano hdkfs.

8 bbls. spermaceti oil.

October 21 tuthstf

Phineas Janney

OFFERS for sale, the cargo of the ship Fair Trader, from STOCKHOLM, consisting of

320 tons Swedish Bar Iron and

Plough Plates,

Which, with the iron he has in store, makes his assortment very complete—flat bars, from 1 to 6 inches wide, and from 1/2 to 1 1/2 inches thick, amongst this is a large proportion of beautifully drawn tire iron, square bars from 3 to 4 inches, round do. from 1 to 1 1/4 inches, plough plates, different sizes; also, a few tons of SWEDISH STEEL, of excellent quality, in bundles.

11th mo. 11 tuthstf

Wool Factory.

I WISH to purchase twenty thousand pounds of Skin-dresser's WOOL, to be delivered in Georgetown between this time and the first day of June next: for which the Philadelphia or N. York price will be given. The wool must be clean, and suitable for spinning.

EDGAR PATTERSON,

Georgetown, Nov. 21 St

Tanning and Currying.

JOSEPH HESTON continues to carry on the above business at his old stand in Prince-street, between Water and Union streets, where he will be always ready to execute orders in his line with promptness and despatch.

He keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of

Leather,

of as various qualities as can be found in any shop in the District—which he will dispose of at very low prices for cash.

11th mo. 6 tuthst

Twenty Dollars Reward.

A BSCONDED from the employment of the subscriber yesterday morning, the 18th instant, two apprentice boys of color, named GEORGE WILLIAMS and ISAAC HALL: the former about 17 and the latter about 16 years of age, both thick set and active. They took with them a variety of clothing, which prevents a description of their dress.—They have both worked some time at the coopering business, and the former is a pretty good workman. Any person returning them to the subscriber shall receive the above reward, or 10 dollars for either.

WILLIAM WAW.

FROM the sloop George Washington, and her cargo by JOHN MCCORMICK,

11 hds and 21 lbs sugar
10 hds rice
23 lbs whale oil
1 pipe
2 half pipes L. P. Made Wine
4 qr. casks
100 boxes raisins
19 bushels almonds
50 pieces canvas

For Norfolk,

The schooner GEORGE WASHINGTON, capt. Middleton, will sail on Tuesday next. For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or to JOHN MCCORMICK.

For Boston,

The schooner HAZARD, L. Hallett, master, now loading and will sail in all the week, has the principal part of her cargo engaged. For freight of 200 barrels, apply to the master on board, or LAWRENCE & FOWLE.

November 24

For Boston,

The sloop LADY WASHINGTON, T. Eaton, master; burthen 198 tons or 3000 bushels, Apply to T. H. HOWLAND.

For Savannah,

The schooner RESIDENT, Adams, master. For freight of 300 bushels, on passage, apply to T. H. HOWLAND, Who has for sale, 10 casks real winter pressed spermacei oil. 11 mo 22

For New-York,

The fine fast sailing sloop PACKET, capt. Thea Van Name, burthen 500 barrels, now loading at the foot of King street. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board to J. & J. DOUGLASS.

October 26

John G. Ladd & Co

HAVE received per schooner Lydia, lying at Bayne's wharf, and offer for sale, 1500 bushels potatoes
3 time pieces
2 eight day clocks
2 cases honest
2 cases men's stout shoes
For Newburyport,

The schooner LYDIA, Joseph Braden master, having most of her cargo provided, will sail in a few days, and can take on freight three hundred barrels. Apply to JOHN G. LADD & CO.

For Freight,

The brig JUNK, A. Davis, master, carries about 1200 barrels, is a good vessel, and can be ready in a few days to receive a cargo, will take as European or coastwise freight on moderate terms. Apply to LAWRENCE & FOWLE. Who have received by said brig 200 lbs. N. E. Rum
113 tons Plaster Paris
6 cases first quality hats ALSO.

For sale on board said brig, at Central Wharf, 1200 bushels of superior quality potatoes—for which apply to the master, or as above. Nov. 11

For Portland & Bath,

The sloop VISITOR, capt. —, will be ready to sail in a few days and will take 200 barrels on freight—Apply to LAWRENCE & FOWLE, Who have for sale her cargo of 45,000 feet merchantable & clear lumber 10 bushels Tanner's oil
3 firkins butter
50 boxes smoked herrings. November 11

For Freight,

The ship MARIA, George Fletcher, master; burthen about 3200 barrels; can be in immediate readiness for sea. ALSO.

The brig SUSAN, James Parsons, master; burthen about 1000 barrels, is a new and excellent vessel, ready for the immediate reception of a cargo, and will take a foreign or coastwise freight on moderate terms. Apply to LAWRENCE & FOWLE.

October 4

For Sale, Freight, or Charter, The substantial fast sailing sloop VIRGINIA, burthen 1200 barrels. For terms apply to N. KEENE.

Oct. 1

HOUSES, LANDS, &c.

For Rent.

THAT large and convenient WAREHOUSE, on King-street, near the store occupied by the subscribers. The terms will be made accommodating, immediate possession can be had.

Oct. 6 R. & J. MANDEVILLE.

Land for Sale.

Early application is made, I will dispose of 400 acres of the CEDAR GROVE tract of land. There is surplus timber and fire wood enough on the part I purpose selling to pay, with judicious management, more than half the purchase money, at the price I ask. The situation is healthy, and the land fertile. Contiguity to market is also one of its advantages; it being within less than a mile of Mr. Jonathan Janney's mill, where the Alexandria price may be had for grain. Persons wishing to purchase will apply to the subscriber, residing at Cedar Grove, ten miles below Alexandria, and one below Janney's mill.

Sept. 29 EDGAR McCARTY.

A valuable Farm for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER will sell, on reasonable terms, a valuable and productive farm of 600 acres, or thereabouts—being part of the lands of the late Richard Brent, lying on Kettle Run in the county of Prince William, in the state of Virginia—20 miles from the Occoquan Mills—55 miles from Alexandria, and about the same distance from Georgetown and the City of Washington. This farm lies in the centre of an excellent neighborhood—is handsomely situated—abundantly watered, and has upon it an ample proportion of wood. The soil is naturally strong, and a considerable portion of it has for some years past, been cultivated according to the most approved rules of modern husbandry. Possession will be given on the first day of January next. The terms upon which this property will be sold, will be made known upon application to George L. Brent, of Stafford County, Va. or to the subscriber living in Alexandria.

JOHN D. SIMMS.

September 6 ff

Public Sale.

IN pursuance of the authority vested in us by a deed of trust, bearing date 3d day of Aug. 1814, from James Denneale, of Prince William county, for the benefit of the Mechanics' Bank of Alexandria, and at the request of the president and directors of the said bank, we shall, for the purpose of raising the sum of eight thousand seven hundred dollars, with interest thereon from the 20th day of Dec. in the year 1815, and the expences of the sale, at public sale, for ready money to the highest bidder, at the court house in Dumfries, on the first Monday in Jan. next, the following property in the county of Prince William: a water Grist Mill, on Quantico creek, and ten acres of land adjoining thereto, near the town of Dumfries, known by the name of Denneale's Mill, and all implements and appurtenances thereto belonging. Also, one other piece of land and water grist mill adjoining the above on Quantico creek—Also, one and one half acre of land formerly known by the name of the Saw Mill Tract and to include the Saw Mill and improvements.

Those who are disposed to purchase may view the property before the day of sale.

The subscribers selling as trustees will convey no other right than that which they hold as trustees, not meaning to make themselves personally responsible for the title.

ROBT. YOUNG,
P. TRIPPLETT.

Sully for Sale.

THIS estate, situated in the county of Fairfax, twenty two miles from Alexandria, and the same distance from Georgetown, contains about seven hundred and fifty acres. Little River Turnpike passes through it half a mile from the dwelling house. The situation is handsome, and remarkably healthy; the water is good and abundant. The soil which was originally excellent, has for some years past had the advantage of improving husbandry. Plaster of Paris acting with powerful and immediate effect on all grasses and grains. The fields present a good surface for cultivation, and those, now untilled, are covered with red clover. The orchards are very large and thrifty; the collection of table fruit is choice and various. The mansion is spacious and well constructed: the out-houses are conveniently situated, and the whole have been lately thoroughly repaired and painted. The farm houses, which are all nearly new, are expensive and excellent in their kind.

For a gentleman of leisure this would be a delightful residence; and a profitable estate for an active farmer. The title is indisputable, and perfectly unencumbered.

A number of well taught orderly young men, with good stocks and farming utensils of all kinds, and the crops of the present year, if desired, will be at the command of the purchaser.

Application may be made to the subscriber, living on the premises, next the post-office at Pleasant Valley, in Fairfax.

FRANCIS LIGHTFOOT LEE.
Sept. 19 ff

For Sale or to Rent.

THAT commodious Brick Warehouse opposite Messrs. Butts & Cawood's—with or without the vacant Lot adjoining. No situation better for the Grocery and Flour Business. Apply to CHRISTOPHER NEAL.

October 31 ff

Public Sale.

PURSUANT to a decree of the hon. the County Court of Fairfax, will be sold to the highest bidder for ready money, on the premises, on the 24th of Dec. next, that tract or parcel of Land adjoining the lands of William Carlin and John Luke, wherein Moses Ball and Ann Ball lately lived, said to contain 91 acres. THE COMMISSIONERS.

November 11 ff

Public Sale.

THE sum of 500 dollars being only raised by a preceding sale, I shall, by virtue of the contract heretofore entered by Jonathan Scofield and Alban G. Smith with me, on the 2d day of October, in the year 1815, proceed to sell or cast to the highest bidder, at Port Tobacco, on the 16th day of December next, so much of a tract or parcel of LAND, called the Desert Enlarged, lying and being in Charles county, as will raise the sum of 1818 dollars and 11 cents, being the balance due me on the first purchase made by them of me. The highest bidder will be required to pay the purchase money immediately after the sale—upon his refusal to do so, the lands will be resold, and the first bidder held responsible to pay the difference between his bid and the highest bid on the resale.

Nov. 21 GEO. FORBES.

Potomac Fisheries.

THE proprietors & occupiers of Fisheries on this river, are requested to meet at Brown's tavern in Alexandria on the last Monday in November next, at the hour of twelve o'clock, to agree upon measures for preventing the destructive effects of Tide or Gill Nets, which have been unlawfully set in our waters, and have greatly lessened the number of shad and herrings taken at the best landings. It is earnestly and respectfully requested that all interested herein from the mouth of the river upwards, will attend punctually, that we may prepare memorials to the Legislatures of Maryland and Virginia, which are shortly to convene, and that we may act in concert in whatever may be resolved upon, touching a matter of such public as well as private interest.

MANY CONCERNED.

October 30 ff

Notice.

THE Subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Charles county Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of John H. T. S. Mitchell, late of said county deceased: All persons having claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit their accounts legally authenticated, on or before the second day of May next; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Those who are indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand, this second day of November, 1817.

MARY A. MITCHELL, Adm'r.
November 13 ff

Notice.

THE subscribers have obtained letters of administration from the circuit court of Fairfax county, on the estate of Richard H. L. Washington, of said county, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers; and those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment to

JAS. CAMPBELL, Jailor.

October 23 ff

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from William Galt, near Fredericktown, on the Lancaster road, in April last, a Negro woman, named JULIER, about 30 years of age, 5 feet high, speaks quick & sharp—says she was sold by a Mr. Deby, of Anne-Arundel county, to some Georgia traders whom she left near Richmond, Va. and was lodged in Fredericktown jail, from whence she was sold for her jail fees, & purchased by John P. Thompson, and by him sold to William Galt—it is supposed she is now lurking about the district of Columbia or its vicinity.—The above reward will be paid for apprehending and securing her so that I get her again.

JAMES GALT.

Alexandria, Oct. 6

N. B. Masters of vessels and others are forewarned against carrying off said runaway

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, on Saturday evening, the 11th inst. my mulatto man, named NED, commonly called Ned McRae alias SAWING. He is about 23 or 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and was raised in Manchester. Ned is well made, high forehead and large flat nose: had on when he went away a grey coat and pantaloons, but as he was well provided with cloathing of various kinds, it is probable he may have changed his dress. It is believed he went off with his wife, who it appears left Richmond at the same time: she is very black, and, I believe, somewhat pitted with the small pox, talks a great deal, of short stature, and rather thick made. Ned is very artful, and may probably attempt to pass for a free man; he has a down look when spoken to. The above reward will be given if taken out of Richmond or Manchester, and twenty-five dollars if taken in either place, and all reasonable expenses paid for delivering him to the subscriber.

(Signed) JOHN THROOP.

November 19 ff

Notice.

THE partnership that existed under the agreement between NEWTON & MINNIX is dissolved this 17th day of November, 1817, and Wm. C. Newton will continue the Store in his own name at Millville, Loudoun county, Virginia. Arrangements will be made in a few days for the collection and settling up business of said concern. WM. C. NEWTON.

November 19 ff

Notice.

ALL persons are forbid hunting or trespassing on my ground, lying between Mrs. Brooks's, Gen. Thompson Mason's, Samuel Collier's, & the gravel road, as I will positively prosecute all such offenders.

THOMAS TRIPPLETT.

November 17 ff

Notice.

N. B. Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harboring, employing or carrying off said fellow, under penalty of the law.

DAVID BARCLAY.

N. B. Masters of vessels and others, are cautioned against harboring, employing or carrying off said fellow, under penalty of the law.

RICHMOND, Oct. 25 ff

thatsff

Patons & Butcher

HAVE received, and offer for sale, an assortment of TEN PLATE STOVES, handsome patterns, finished complete.

10th mo. 15

Bolting Cloths.

THE subscriber has this day received, a large and elegant assortment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior quality, which will be offered for sale at the store of Messrs. Butts & Cawood, King-street, Alex'd, where he intends to keep a complete assortment in reserve.

Sept. 6 AMOS ALEXANDER.

For Sale.

A STRONG healthy NEGRO MAN, believed to be from thirty to thirty-five years of age. He has for a few years past worked under the direction of an experienced green-house gardener. Apply to NOBLE HERBERT, Esq. Alex'dria. August 5

New Establishment.

THE subscriber having established the BURR MILL-STONE making, takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public, that he has taken the Stand lately occupied by Michael Quigley, convenient to the store of James Anderson, on the corner of King & Fayette-streets, where he has on hand a good supply of the best quality BURR BLOCKS, and will warrant his Mill Stones equal, if not superior, to any in the U. S. Strict attention will be paid, and satisfaction given to those who will favor him with their custom. All orders attended to at the shortest notice.

ROBERT GLENN.

October 28 ff

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from my service, on the 10th inst. my mulatto house-servant GEORGE, between 18 and 19 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, slender made, pug nose, bushy hair, half of one of his upper front teeth broken off—he is very artful and forward, and a capable house servant—he took with him a variety of clothing. I will give the above rewards, if secured in any jail, so that I get him again, and will pay all reasonable charges if brought home. Masters of vessels and others are forewarned against carrying off said servant at their peril. C. F. WHITING.

Morven, near Alexandria, September 15 ff

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 21.

WAS committed to the jail of this county, as a runaway, a Negro lad, who says his name is HENRY, and that he was sold to some Georgians, from the estate of William Randall, of Fauquier county, Virginia. He is a bright mulatto, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, and has been in the habit of a race rider for Mr. Randall. The said lad ran away at Fredericksburg, on his way out. The owner is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JAS. CAMPBELL, Jailor.

October 23 ff

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from William Galt, near Fredericktown, on the Lancaster road, in April last, a Negro woman, named JULIER, about 30 years of age, 5 feet high, speaks quick & sharp—says she was sold by a Mr. Deby, of Anne-Arundel county, to some Georgia traders whom she left near Richmond, Va. and was lodged in Fredericktown jail,